Ansible Tower API Guide

Release Ansible Tower 2.3.0

Ansible, Inc.

CONTENTS

1	Introduction to the Tower API						
	1.1 Tools		. 2				
	1.2 Browsable API		. 2				
	1.3 Conventions		. 5				
	1.4 Sorting		. 6				
	1.5 Searching						
	1.6 Filtering						
	1.7 Pagination						
	1.8 Read-only Fields						
	1.9 Introduction to tower-cli						
			. ,				
2	Auth Token API Endpoint		12				
	2.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint		. 13				
3	Ping API Endpoint		14				
	3.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint		. 14				
4	Conformation ADI Enduciet		15				
4	Configuration API Endpoint 4.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint						
	4.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint		. 10				
5	Me API Endpoint		17				
	5.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint						
6	Dashboard API Endpoint						
	6.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint		. 19				
_							
7	Organizations List API Endpoint		20				
	7.1 Results						
	7.2 Create Organizations						
	7.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint		. 21				
8	User List API Endpoint		22				
	8.1 Results						
	8.2 Create Users						
	8.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint						
	6.5 Reviewing the Options Enupolit		. 24				
9	Project List API Endpoint		25				
	9.1 Results		. 25				
	9.2 Create Projects		. 27				
	9.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint						

10		List API Endpoint	28					
		Results	28					
		Create Teams	29					
	10.3	Reviewing the Options Endpoint	29					
11	Credential List API Endpoint							
11		Results	30 30					
		Create Credentials	31					
		Reviewing the Options Endpoint	32					
12	Inventory List API Endpoint							
		Results	33					
		Create Inventories	34					
	12.3	Reviewing the Options Endpoint	34					
12	Inventory Script List API Endpoint 3							
13		Results	35 35					
		Create Custom Inventory Scripts	36					
		Reviewing the Options Endpoint	36					
	10.0	the options Employee						
14	Inver	ory Source List API Endpoint	37					
		Results	37					
	14.2	Reviewing the Options Endpoint	39					
1.5	C	I to A ADI Est de store	40					
13		List API Endpoint Results	40					
		Create Groups	41					
		Reviewing the Options Endpoint	41					
	13.3	Reviewing the Options Endpoint	71					
	6 Host List API Endpoint							
16	Host	ist API Endpoint	42					
16		ist API Endpoint Results	42					
16	16.1							
16	16.1 16.2	Results	42					
	16.1 16.2 16.3	Results	42 43 43					
	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7	Results	42 43 43 44					
	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results	42 43 43 44 44					
	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates	42 43 43 44 44 46					
	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results	42 43 43 44 44					
17	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2 17.3	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates	42 43 43 44 44 46					
17	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint	42 43 43 44 44 46 47					
17	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint St API Endpoint	42 43 43 44 44 46 47 48					
17	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job T 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint st API Endpoint Results	42 43 43 44 44 46 47 48					
17 18	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint st API Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint	424 434 444 466 477 48 486 500 511					
17 18	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job T 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3 Ad H	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint st API Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint C Command List API Endpoint	424 43 43 44 44 46 47 48 50 51					
17 18	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job T 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3 Ad H 19.1	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint st API Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint c Command List API Endpoint Results	42434343444444444444444444444444444444					
17 18	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3 Ad H 19.1 19.2	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint st API Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint create Jobs Create Ad Hoc Commands	42434343444444444444444444444444444444					
17 18	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3 Ad H 19.1 19.2	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint st API Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint c Command List API Endpoint Results	42434343444444444444444444444444444444					
17 18	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3 Ad H 19.1 19.2 19.3	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint st API Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint c Command List API Endpoint Results Create Ad Hoc Commands Reviewing the Options Endpoint	42434343444444444444444444444444444444					
17 18	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3 Ad H 19.1 19.2 19.3 Syste	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint st API Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint create Jobs Create Ad Hoc Commands	422 433 434 444 446 477 48 488 500 511 522 544 555					
17 18	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job 7 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3 Ad H 19.1 19.2 19.3 Syste 20.1	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint St API Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Ad Hoc Commands Results Create Ad Hoc Commands Reviewing the Options Endpoint La Job Template List API Endpoint	422 433 434 444 446 477 48 488 500 511 522 544 555					
17 18 19	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job T 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3 Ad H 19.1 19.2 19.3 Syste 20.1 20.2	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Ad Hoc Commands Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Ad Hoc Commands Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Reviewing the Options Endpoint	42434344444444444444444444444444444444					
17 18 19	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job T 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3 Ad H 19.1 19.2 19.3 Syste 20.1 20.2	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Ad Hoc Commands Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Ad Hoc Commands Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Reviewing the Options Endpoint	42434344444444444444444444444444444444					
17 18 19	16.1 16.2 16.3 Job T 17.1 17.2 17.3 Job I 18.1 18.2 18.3 Ad H 19.1 19.2 19.3 Syste 20.1 20.2 Syste 21.1	Results Create Hosts Reviewing the Options Endpoint mplate List API Endpoint Results Create Job Templates Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Jobs Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Ad Hoc Commands Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Create Ad Hoc Commands Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Reviewing the Options Endpoint Results Reviewing the Options Endpoint	42434344444444444444444444444444444444					

	21.3	Reviewing the Options Endpoint	60
		dules API Endpoint	61
		Results	
	22.2	Reviewing the Options Endpoint	62
23	Unific	ed Job Template List API Endpoint	63
	23.1	Results	63
	23.2	Reviewing the Options Endpoint	64
		ed Job List API Endpoint	65
	24.1	Results	65
	24.2	Reviewing the Options Endpoint	66
25	Activ	ity Stream List API Endpoint	67
	25.1	Results	67
	25.2	Reviewing the Options Endpoint	68
26	Index	X .	69
Ind	dex		70

Thank you for your interest in Ansible Tower, the open source IT orchestration engine. Whether sharing operations tasks with your team or integrating with Ansible through the Tower REST API, Tower provides many powerful tools to make your automation life easier.

The *Ansible Tower API Guide* focuses on helping you understand the Ansible Tower API. This document has been updated to include information for the latest release of Ansible Tower 2.3.0.

Ansible Tower Version 2.3.0; September 21, 2015; http://support.ansible.com/

CONTENTS 1

CHAPTER

ONE

INTRODUCTION TO THE TOWER API

1.1 Tools

This document offers a basic understanding of the REST API used by Ansible Tower.

REST stands for Representational State Transfer and is sometimes spelled as "ReST". It relies on a stateless, client-server, and cacheable communications protocol, usually the HTTP protocol.

You may find it helpful see which API calls Tower makes in sequence. To do this, you can use the UI from Firebug or Chrome with developer plugins.

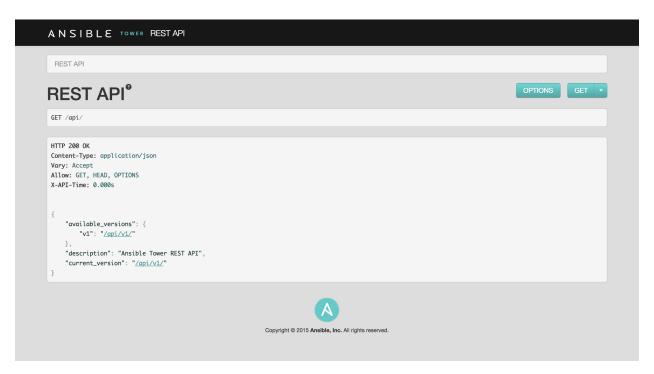
Another alternative is Charles Proxy (http://www.charlesproxy.com/), which offers a visualizer that you may find helpful. While it is commercial software, it can insert itself as an OS X proxy, for example, and intercept both requests from web browsers as well as curl and other API consumers.

Other alternatives include:

- Fiddler (http://www.telerik.com/fiddler)
- mitmproxy (https://mitmproxy.org/)
- Live HTTP headers FireFox extension (https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/live-http-headers/)
- Paros (http://sourceforge.net/projects/paros/)

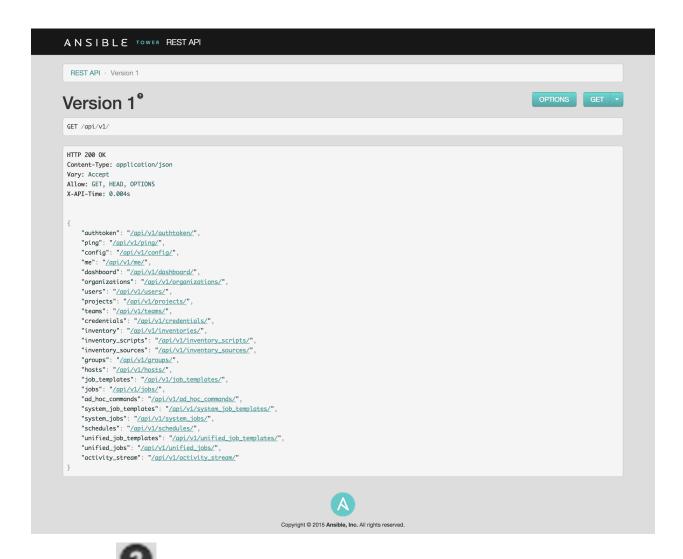
1.2 Browsable API

REST APIs provide access to resources (data entities) via URI paths. You can visit the Ansible Tower REST API in a web browser at: http://<Tower server name>/api/



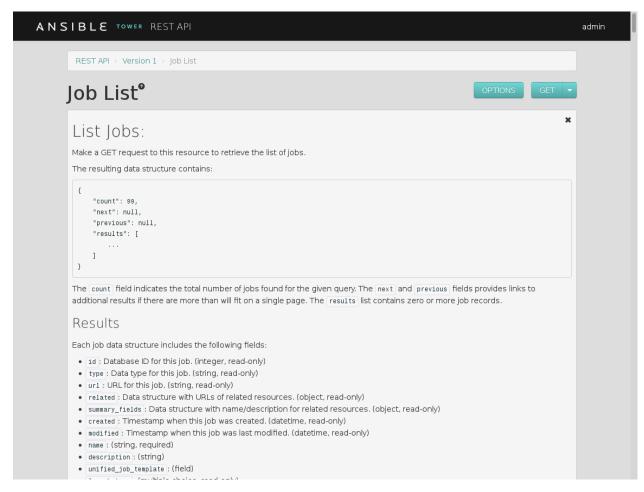
Clicking on various links in the API allows you to explore related resources.

1.2. Browsable API



Clicking on the next to the page name (toward the top of the screen) for an API endpoint gives you documentation on the access methods for that particular API endpoint and what data is returned when using those methods.

1.2. Browsable API 4



You can also use PUT and POST verbs on the specific API pages by formatting JSON in the various text fields.



1.3 Conventions

Tower uses a standard REST API, rooted at /api/ on the server. The API is versioned for compatibility reasons, but only /api/v1/ is currently available. You can see information about what API versions are available by querying /api/.

You may have to specify the content/type on POST or PUT requests accordingly.

1.3. Conventions 5

- PUT: Update a specific resource (by an identifier) or a collection of resources. PUT can also be used to create a specific resource if the resource identifier is know before-hand.
- POST: Create a new resource. Also acts as a catch-all verb for operations that do not fit into the other categories.

All URIs not ending with "/" receive a 301 redirect.

Note: Ansible Tower 2.3.0 API change: Formatting of extra_vars attached to Job Template records is preserved. Previously, YAML would be converted to JSON and returned as JSON. In 2.2.0 and newer, YAML is returned as YAML with formatting and comments preserved, and JSON is returned as JSON.

1.4 Sorting

To provide examples that are easy to follow, the following URL is used throughout this guide:

```
http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/groups/
```

To specify that {{ model_verbose_name_plural }} are returned in a particular order, use the order_by query string parameter on the GET request.

```
http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/model_verbose_name_plural?order_by={{ order_field }}
```

Prefix the field name with a dash (-) to sort in reverse:

```
http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/model_verbose_name_plural?order_by=-{{ order_field }}
```

Multiple sorting fields may be specified by separating the field names with a comma (,):

```
http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/model_verbose_name_plural?order_by={{ order_field }},some_other_fie
```

1.5 Searching

Use the search query string parameter to perform a case-insensitive search within all designated text fields of a model.

```
http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/model_verbose_name?search=findme
```

(Note: Added in AWX 1.4)

1.6 Filtering

Any collection is what the system calls a "queryset" and can be filtered via various operators.

For example, to find the groups that contain the name "foo":

```
http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/groups/?name__contains=foo
```

To find an exact match:

```
http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/groups/?name=foo
```

If a resource is of an integer type, you must add __int to the end to cast your string input value to an integer, like so:

1.4. Sorting 6

http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/arbitrary_resource/?x__int=5

Related resources can also be queried, like so:

```
http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/groups/?user__firstname__icontains=john
```

This will return all groups with users with names that include the string "John" in them.

You can also filter against multiple fields at once:

```
http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/groups/?user__firstname__icontains=john&group__name__icontains__for
```

This finds all groups containing a user whose name contains "John" where the group contains the string foo.

For more about what types of operators are available, refer to:

https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/dev/ref/models/querysets/

Note: You can also watch the API as the UI is being used to see how it is filtering on various criteria.

Any additional query string parameters may be used to filter the list of results returned to those matching a given value. Only fields and relations that exist in the database may be used for filtering. Any special characters in the specified value should be url-encoded. For example:

```
?field=value%20xyz
```

Fields may also span relations, only for fields and relationships defined in the database:

```
?other__field=value
```

To exclude results matching certain criteria, prefix the field parameter with not___:

```
?not__field=value
```

(Added in AWX 1.4) By default, all query string filters are AND'ed together, so only the results matching all filters will be returned. To combine results matching any one of multiple criteria, prefix each query string parameter with or :

```
?or__field=value&or__field=othervalue
?or__not__field=value&or__field=othervalue
```

(Added in Ansible Tower 1.4.5) The default AND filtering applies all filters simultaneously to each related object being filtered across database relationships. The chain filter instead applies filters separately for each related object. To use, prefix the query string parameter with chain___:

```
?chain__related__field=value&chain__related__field2=othervalue
?chain__not__related__field=value&chain__related__field2=othervalue
```

If the first query above were written as <code>?related__field=value&related__field2=othervalue</code>, it would return only the primary objects where the same related object satisfied both conditions. As written using the chain filter, it would return the intersection of primary objects matching each condition.

Field lookups may also be used for more advanced queries, by appending the lookup to the field name:

```
?field_lookup=value
```

The following field lookups are supported:

- exact: Exact match (default lookup if not specified).
- iexact: Case-insensitive version of exact.

1.6. Filtering 7

- contains: Field contains value.
- icontains: Case-insensitive version of contains.
- startswith: Field starts with value.
- istartswith: Case-insensitive version of startswith.
- endswith: Field ends with value.
- iendswith: Case-insensitive version of endswith.
- regex: Field matches the given regular expression.
- iregex: Case-insensitive version of regex.
- gt: Greater than comparison.
- gte: Greater than or equal to comparison.
- 1t: Less than comparison.
- lte: Less than or equal to comparison.
- isnull: Check whether the given field or related object is null; expects a boolean value.
- in: Check whether the given field's value is present in the list provided; expects a list of items.
- Boolean values may be specified as True or 1 for true, False or 0 for false (both case-insensitive).

Null values may be specified as None or Null (both case-insensitive), though it is preferred to use the isnull lookup to explicitly check for null values.

Lists (for the in lookup) may be specified as a comma-separated list of values.

1.7 Pagination

Responses for collections in the API are paginated. This means that while a collection may contain tens or hundreds of thousands of objects, in each web request, only a limited number of results are returned for API performance reasons.

When you get back the result for a collection you will see something similar to the following:

```
{'count': 25, 'next': 'http://testserver/api/v1/some_resource?page=2', 'previous': None, 'results':
```

To get the next page, simply request the page given by the 'next' sequential URL.

Use the page_size=XX query string parameter to change the number of results returned for each request.

Use the page query string parameter to retrieve a particular page of results.

```
http://<Tower server name>/api/v1/model_verbose_name?page_size=100&page=2
```

The previous and next links returned with the results will set these query string parameters automatically.

The serializer is quite efficient, but you should probably not request page sizes beyond a couple of hundred.

The user interface uses smaller values to avoid the user having to do a lot of scrolling.

1.7. Pagination 8

1.8 Read-only Fields

Certain fields in the REST API are marked read-only. These usually include the URL of a resource, the ID, and occasionally some internal fields. For instance, the 'created_by' attribute of each object indicates which user created the resource, and cannot be edited.

If you post some values and notice that they are not changing, these fields may be read-only.

1.9 Introduction to tower-cli

tower-cli is a command line tool for Ansible Tower. It allows Tower commands to be easily run from the UNIX command line. It can also be used as a client library for other python apps, or as a reference for others developing API interactions with Tower's REST API.

Note: tower-cli is an open source project currently under development and, until a complete implementation occurs, only implements a subset of Tower's features.

1.9.1 License

While Tower is commercially licensed software, tower-cli is an open source project. Specifically, this project is licensed under the Apache 2.0 license. Pull requests, contributions, and tickets filed in GitHub are warmly welcomed.

1.9.2 Capabilities

tower-cli sends commands to the Tower API. It is capable of retrieving, creating, modifying, and deleting most objects within Tower.

A few potential uses include:

- Launching playbook runs (for instance, from Jenkins, TeamCity, Bamboo, etc)
- Checking on job statuses
- · Rapidly creating objects like organizations, users, teams, and more

1.9.3 Installation

tower-cli is available as a package on PyPI.

The preferred way to install is through pip:

```
$ pip install ansible-tower-cli
```

The main branch of this project may also be consumed directly from source.

For more information on tower-cli, refer to the project page at:

https://github.com/ansible/tower-cli/

1.9.4 Configuration

tower-cli can edit its own configuration or users can directly edit the configuration file, allowing configuration to be set in multiple ways.

Set configuration with tower-cli config

The preferred way to set configuration is with the tower-cli config command.

```
$ tower-cli config key value
```

By issuing the tower-cli config command without arguments, you can view a full list of configuration options and where they are set.

You will generally need to set at least three configuration options—host, username, and password—which correspond to the location of your Ansible Tower instance and your credentials to authenticate to Tower.

```
$ tower-cli config host tower.example.com
$ tower-cli config username leeroyjenkins
$ tower-cli config password myPassw0rd
```

Write to the config files directly.

The configuration file can also be edited directly. A configuration file is a simple file with keys and values, separated by : or =:

```
host: tower.example.com
username: admin
password: p4ssw0rd
```

File Locations

The order of precedence for configuration file locations is as follows, from least to greatest:

- · internal defaults
- /etc/awx/tower_cli.cfg (written using tower-cli config --global)
- ~/.tower_cli.cfg (written using tower-cli config)
- · run-time parameters

Usage

CLI invocation generally follows this format:

```
$ tower-cli {resource} {action} ...
```

The "resource" is a type of object within Tower (a noun), such as user, organization, job_template, etc.; resource names are always singular in Tower CLI (use tower-cli user, never tower-cli users).

The "action" is the thing you want to do (a verb). Most Tower CLI resources have the following actions—get, list, create, modify, and delete—and have options corresponding to fields on the object in Tower.

Some examples:

```
# List all users.
$ tower-cli user list
# List all non-superusers
$ tower-cli user list --is-superuser=false
# Get the user with the ID of 42.
$ tower-cli user get 42
# Get the user with the given username.
$ tower-cli user get --username=guido
# Create a new user.
$ tower-cli user create --username=guido --first-name=Guido \
                        --last-name="Van Rossum" --email=guido@python.org
# Modify an existing user.
# This would modify the first name of the user with the ID of "42" to "Guido".
$ tower-cli user modify 42 --first-name=Guido
# Modify an existing user, lookup by username.
# This would use "username" as the lookup, and modify the first name.
# Which fields are used as lookups vary by resource, but are generally
# the resource's name.
$ tower-cli user modify --username=guido --first-name=Guido
# Delete a user.
$ tower-cli user delete 42
# Launch a job.
$ tower-cli job launch --job-template=144
# Monitor a job.
$ tower-cli job monitor 95
```

When in doubt, help is available:

```
$ tower-cli # help
$ tower-cli user --help # resource specific help
$ tower-cli user create --help # command specific help
```

AUTH TOKEN API ENDPOINT

Make a POST request to this resource with username and password fields to obtain an authentication token to use for subsequent request.

```
GET /api/v1/authtoken/

HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: POST, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.001s
{
    "detail": "Method 'GET' not allowed."
}
```

Example JSON to POST (content type is application/json):

```
{"username": "user", "password": "my pass"}
```

Example form data to post (content type is application/x-www-form-urlencoded):

```
username=user&password=my%20pass
```

If the username and password provided are valid, the response will contain a token field with the authentication token to use and an expires field with the timestamp when the token will expire:

```
{
    "token": "8f17825cf08a7efea124f2638f3896f6637f8745",
    "expires": "2013-09-05T21:46:35.729Z"
}
```

Otherwise, the response will indicate the error that occurred and return a 4xx status code.

For subsequent requests, pass the token via the HTTP Authorization request header:

```
Authorization: Token 8f17825cf08a7efea124f2638f3896f6637f8745
```

The auth token is only valid when used from the same remote address and user agent that originally obtained it.

Each request that uses the token for authentication will refresh its expiration timestamp and keep it from expiring. A token only expires when it is not used for the configured timeout interval (default 1800 seconds).

2.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

PING API ENDPOINT

A simple view that reports very basic information about this Tower instance, which is acceptable to be public information.

```
GET /api/v1/ping/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.003s

{
    "instances": {
        "primary": "localhost",
        "secondaries": []
    },
    "ha": false,
    "role": "primary",
    "version": "2.2.2"
}
```

3.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

CONFIGURATION API ENDPOINT

Site configuration settings and general information.

```
GET /api/v1/config/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, DELETE, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.223s

{
    "eula": "TOWER SOFTWARE END USER LICENSE AGREEMENT Unless otherwise agreed to, and executed in a "license_info": {},
    "version": "2.2.2",
    "project_base_dir": "/var/lib/awx/projects",
    "time_zone": "America/New_York",
    "ansible_version": "1.9.2",
    "project_local_paths": []
}
```

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the configuration containing the following fields (some fields may not be visible to all users):

- project_base_dir: Path on the server where projects and playbooks are stored.
- project_local_paths: List of directories beneath project_base_dir to use when creating/editing a project.
- time_zone: The configured time zone for the server.
- license_info: Information about the current license.
- version: Version of Ansible Tower package installed.
- eula: The current End-User License Agreement

(New in Ansible Tower 2.0.0) Make a POST request to this resource as a super user to install or update the existing license. The license data itself can be POSTed as a normal json data structure.

(New in Ansible Tower 2.1.1) The POST must include a eula_accepted boolean element indicating acceptance of the End-User License Agreement.

4.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

ME API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to retrieve user information about the current user.

```
GET /api/v1/me/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.055s
    "count": 1,
    "next": null,
    "previous": null,
    "results": [
        {
            "id": 1,
            "type": "user",
            "url": "/api/v1/users/1/",
                "admin_of_organizations": "/api/v1/users/1/admin_of_organizations/",
                "organizations": "/api/v1/users/1/organizations/",
                "credentials": "/api/v1/users/1/credentials/",
                "permissions": "/api/v1/users/1/permissions/",
                "activity_stream": "/api/v1/users/1/activity_stream/",
                "projects": "/api/v1/users/1/projects/",
                "teams": "/api/v1/users/1/teams/"
            "created": "2015-08-25T01:00:07.127Z",
            "username": "admin",
            "first_name": "",
            "last_name": "",
            "email": "admin@example.com",
            "is_superuser": true,
            "ldap_dn": ""
        }
    ]
```

One result should be returned containing the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this user. (integer)
- type: Data type for this user. (multiple choice)
- user: User

- url: URL for this user. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this user was created. (datetime)
- username: Required. 30 characters or fewer. Letters, numbers and @/./+/-_characters (string)
- first_name: (string)
- last_name: (string)
- email: (email)
- is_superuser: Designates that this user has all permissions without explicitly assigning them. (boolean)
- password: Write-only field used to change the password. (string)
- ldap_dn: (string)

Use the primary URL for the user (/api/v1/users/N/) to modify the user.

5.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

DASHBOARD API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve aggregate statistics for Tower. (Added in AWX 1.4)

6.1 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

ORGANIZATIONS LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of organizations.

```
GET /api/v1/organizations/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.055s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of organizations found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more organization records.

```
"count": 1,
"next": null,
"previous": null,
"results": [
    {
        "id": 1,
        "type": "organization",
        "url": "/api/v1/organizations/1/",
        "related": {
            "created_by": "/api/v1/users/1/",
            "modified_by": "/api/v1/users/1/",
            "admins": "/api/v1/organizations/1/admins/",
            "users": "/api/v1/organizations/1/users/",
            "inventories": "/api/v1/organizations/1/inventories/",
            "activity_stream": "/api/v1/organizations/1/activity_stream/",
            "projects": "/api/v1/organizations/1/projects/",
            "teams": "/api/v1/organizations/1/teams/"
        "summary_fields": {
            "created_by": {
```

```
"id": 1,
                 "username": "admin",
                 "first_name": "",
                 "last_name": ""
            "modified_by": {
                 "id": 1,
                 "username": "admin",
                 "first_name": "",
                 "last_name": ""
            }
        },
        "created": "2015-08-25T01:00:18.545Z",
        "modified": "2015-08-25T01:00:18.545Z",
        "name": "Default",
        "description": ""
]
```

7.1 Results

Each organization data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this organization. (integer)
- type: Data type for this organization. (multiple choice)
- organization: Organization
- url: URL for this organization. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this organization was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this organization was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)

7.2 Create Organizations

Make a POST request to this resource with the following organization fields to create a new organization:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")

7.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

The *Options Endpoint* table offers a view of the Options for this endpoint. When viewing the endpoint in the browsable API, clicking the "Options" button gives you the raw JSON for the following:

7.1. Results 21

USER LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of users.

```
GET /api/v1/users/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.049s
    "count": 1,
    "next": null,
    "previous": null,
    "results": [
        {
            "id": 1,
            "type": "user",
            "url": "/api/v1/users/1/",
            "related": {
                "admin_of_organizations": "/api/v1/users/1/admin_of_organizations/",
                "organizations": "/api/v1/users/1/organizations/",
                "credentials": "/api/v1/users/1/credentials/",
                "permissions": "/api/v1/users/1/permissions/",
                "activity_stream": "/api/v1/users/1/activity_stream/",
                "projects": "/api/v1/users/1/projects/",
                "teams": "/api/v1/users/1/teams/"
            "created": "2015-08-25T01:00:07.127Z",
            "username": "admin",
            "first_name": "",
            "last_name": "",
            "email": "admin@example.com",
            "is_superuser": true,
            "ldap_dn": ""
        }
    ]
```

The resulting data structure contains:

```
{
    "count": 99,
    "next": null,
    "previous": null,
```

The count field indicates the total number of users found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more user records.

8.1 Results

Each user data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this user. (integer)
- type: Data type for this user. (multiple choice)
- user: User
- url: URL for this user. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this user was created. (datetime)
- username: Required. 30 characters or fewer. Letters, numbers and @/./+/-_ characters (string)
- first_name: (string)
- last_name: (string)
- email: (email)
- is_superuser: Designates that this user has all permissions without explicitly assigning them. (boolean)
- password: Write-only field used to change the password. (string)
- ldap_dn: (string)

8.2 Create Users

Make a POST request to this resource with the following user fields to create a new user:

- username: Required. 30 characters or fewer. Letters, numbers and @/./+/-_ characters (string, required)
- first_name: (string, default="")
- last_name: (string, default="")
- email: (email, default="")
- is_superuser: Designates that this user has all permissions without explicitly assigning them. (boolean, default=False)
- password: Write-only field used to change the password. (string, default="")

8.1. Results 23

8.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

PROJECT LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of projects.

```
GET /api/v1/projects/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.053s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of projects found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more project records.

9.1 Results

Each project data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this project. (integer)
- type: Data type for this project. (multiple choice)

```
- project: Project
```

- url: URL for this project. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this project was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this project was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)

- local_path: Local path (relative to PROJECTS_ROOT) containing playbooks and related files for this project. (string)
- scm_type: (multiple choice)
 - "": Manual
 - git: Git
 - hg: Mercurial
 - svn: Subversion
- scm_url: (string)
- scm_branch: Specific branch, tag or commit to checkout. (string)
- scm_clean: (boolean)
- scm_delete_on_update: (boolean)
- credential: (field)
- last_job_run: (datetime)
- last_job_failed: (boolean)
- has_schedules: (boolean)
- next_job_run: (datetime)
- status: (multiple choice)
 - new: New
 - pending: Pending
 - waiting: Waiting
 - running: Running
 - successful: Successful
 - failed: Failed
 - error: Error
 - canceled: Canceled
 - never updated: Never Updated
 - ok: OK
 - missing: Missing
- scm_delete_on_next_update: (boolean)
- scm_update_on_launch: (boolean)
- scm_update_cache_timeout: (integer)
- last_update_failed: (boolean)
- last_updated: (datetime)

9.1. Results 26

9.2 Create Projects

Make a POST request to this resource with the following project fields to create a new project:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")
- local_path: Local path (relative to PROJECTS_ROOT) containing playbooks and related files for this project. (string, default=""")
- scm_type: (multiple choice)
 - "": Manual (default)
 - git: Git
 - hg: Mercurial
 - svn: Subversion
- scm_url: (string, default="")
- scm_branch: Specific branch, tag or commit to checkout. (string, default=""")
- scm_clean: (boolean, default=False)
- scm delete on update: (boolean, default=False)
- credential: (field, default=None)
- scm_update_on_launch: (boolean, default=False)
- scm_update_cache_timeout: (integer, default=0)

9.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

The *Options Endpoint* table offers a view of the Options for this endpoint. When viewing the endpoint in the browsable API, clicking the "Options" button gives you the raw JSON for the following:

9.2. Create Projects 27

CHAPTER

TEN

TEAM LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of teams.

```
GET /api/v1/teams/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.046s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

```
{
    "count": 0,
    "next": null,
    "previous": null,
    "results": []
}
```

The count field indicates the total number of teams found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more team records.

10.1 Results

Each team data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this team. (integer)
- type: Data type for this team. (multiple choice)
- team: Team
- url: URL for this team. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this team was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this team was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)
- organization: (field)

10.2 Create Teams

Make a POST request to this resource with the following team fields to create a new team:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")
- organization: (field, default=None)

10.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

The *Options Endpoint* table offers a view of the Options for this endpoint. When viewing the endpoint in the browsable API, clicking the "Options" button gives you the raw JSON for the following:

10.2. Create Teams 29

CREDENTIAL LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of credentials.

```
GET /api/v1/credentials/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.046s

{
    "count": 0,
    "next": null,
    "previous": null,
    "results": []
}
```

The count field indicates the total number of hosts found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more credential records.

11.1 Results

Each credential data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this credential. (integer)
- type: Data type for this credential. (multiple choice)
 - credential: Credential
- url: URL for this credential. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this credential was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this credential was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)
- user: (field)

```
• team: (field)
```

• kind: (multiple choice)

- ssh: Machine
- scm: Source Control
- aws: Amazon Web Services
- rax: Rackspace
- vmware: VMware vCenter
- gce: Google Compute Engine
- azure: Microsoft Azure
- openstack: OpenStack
- cloud: (boolean)
- host: The hostname or IP address to use. (string)
- username: Username for this credential. (string)
- password: (string)
- project: The identifier for the project. (string)
- ssh_key_data: (string)
- ssh_key_unlock: (string)
- become_method: Privilege escalation method. (multiple choice)
 - "": None
 - sudo: Sudo
 - su: Su
 - pbrun: Pbrun
 - pfexec: Pfexec
- become_username: Privilege escalation username. (string)
- become_password: (string)
- vault_password: (string)

11.2 Create Credentials

Make a POST request to this resource with the following credential fields to create a new credential:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")
- user: (field, default=None)
- team: (field, default=None)
- kind: (multiple choice, required)
 - ssh: Machine (default)

```
- scm: Source Control
```

- aws: Amazon Web Services

- rax: Rackspace

- vmware: VMware vCenter

- gce: Google Compute Engine

- azure: Microsoft Azure

- openstack: OpenStack

- host: The hostname or IP address to use. (string, default="")
- username: Username for this credential. (string, default="")
- password: (string, default="")
- project: The identifier for the project. (string, default="")
- ssh_key_data: (string, default="")
- ssh_key_unlock: (string, default="")
- become_method: Privilege escalation method. (multiple choice)
 - "": None (default)
 - sudo: Sudo
 - su ': Su
 - pbrun: Pbrun
 - pfexec: Pfexec
- become_username: Privilege escalation username. (string, default="")
- become_password: (string, default="")
- vault_password: (string, default="")

11.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

TWELVE

INVENTORY LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of inventories.

```
GET /api/v1/inventories/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.046s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

```
{
    "count": 0,
    "next": null,
    "previous": null,
    "results": []
}
```

The count field indicates the total number of inventory lists found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more inventory records.

12.1 Results

pair: inventory list; results

Each inventory data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this inventory. (integer)
- type: Data type for this inventory. (multiple choice)
 - inventory: Inventory
- url: URL for this inventory. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this inventory was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this inventory was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)

- organization: (field)
- variables: Inventory variables in JSON or YAML format. (string)
- · has_active_failures: Flag indicating whether any hosts in this inventory have failed. (boolean)
- total_hosts: Total number of hosts in this inventory. (integer)
- hosts with active failures: Number of hosts in this inventory with active failures. (integer)
- total groups: Total number of groups in this inventory. (integer)
- groups_with_active_failures: Number of groups in this inventory with active failures. (integer)
- has_inventory_sources: Flag indicating whether this inventory has any external inventory sources. (boolean)
- total_inventory_sources: Total number of external inventory sources configured within this inventory. (integer)
- inventory_sources_with_failures: Number of external inventory sources in this inventory with failures. (integer)

12.2 Create Inventories

pair: inventory list; create

Make a POST request to this resource with the following inventory fields to create a new inventory:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")
- organization: (field, required)
- variables: Inventory variables in JSON or YAML format. (string, default="")

12.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

pair: inventory list; options endpoint

The *Options Endpoint* table offers a view of the Options for this endpoint. When viewing the endpoint in the browsable API, clicking the "Options" button gives you the raw JSON for the following:

12.2. Create Inventories

THIRTEEN

INVENTORY SCRIPT LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of custom inventory scripts.

```
GET /api/v1/inventory_scripts/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.049s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

```
{
    "count": 0,
    "next": null,
    "previous": null,
    "results": []
}
```

The count field indicates the total number of inventories found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more inventory script records.

13.1 Results

Each custom inventory script data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this custom inventory script. (integer)
- type: Data type for this custom inventory script. (multiple choice)
 - custom_inventory_script: Custom Inventory Script
- url: URL for this custom inventory script. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this custom inventory script was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this custom inventory script was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)
- script: Inventory script contents (string)

• organization: (field)

13.2 Create Custom Inventory Scripts

Make a POST request to this resource with the following custom inventory script fields to create a new custom inventory script:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")
- script: Inventory script contents (string, default="")
- organization: (field, required)

13.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

FOURTEEN

INVENTORY SOURCE LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of inventory sources.

```
GET /api/v1/inventory_sources/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.053s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

```
{
    "count": 99,
    "next": null,
    "previous": null,
    "results": []
}
```

The count field indicates the total number of inventory sources found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more inventory source records.

14.1 Results

Each inventory source data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this inventory source. (integer)
- type: Data type for this inventory source. (multiple choice)
 - inventory_source: Inventory Source
- url: URL for this inventory source. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this inventory source was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this inventory source was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)
- source: (multiple choice)

```
- "": Manual
```

- file: Local File, Directory or Script
- rax: Rackspace Cloud Servers
- ec2: Amazon EC2
- gce: Google Compute Engine
- azure: Microsoft Azure
- vmware: VMware vCenter
- openstack: OpenStack
- custom: Custom Script
- source_path: (string)
- source_script: (field)
- source_vars: Inventory source variables in YAML or JSON format. (string)
- credential: (field)
- source_regions: (string)
- instance_filters: Comma-separated list of filter expressions (EC2 only). Hosts are imported when ANY of the filters match. (string)
- group_by: Limit groups automatically created from inventory source (EC2 only). (string)
- overwrite: Overwrite local groups and hosts from remote inventory source. (boolean)
- overwrite_vars: Overwrite local variables from remote inventory source. (boolean)
- last_job_run: (datetime)
- last_job_failed: (boolean)
- has_schedules: (boolean)
- next_job_run: (datetime)
- status: (multiple choice)
 - new: New
 - pending: Pending
 - waiting: Waiting
 - running: Running
 - successful: Successful
 - failed: Failed
 - error: Error
 - canceled: Canceled
 - never updated: Never Updated
 - none: No External Source
- inventory: (field)
- group: (field)

14.1. Results 38

- update_on_launch: (boolean)
- update_cache_timeout: (integer)
- last_update_failed: (boolean)
- last_updated: (datetime)

14.2 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

FIFTEEN

GROUP LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of groups.

```
GET /api/v1/groups/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.049s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of groups found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more group records.

15.1 Results

Each group data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this group. (integer)
- type: Data type for this group. (multiple choice)

```
- group: Group
```

- url: URL for this group. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this group was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this group was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)

- inventory: (field)
- variables: Group variables in JSON or YAML format. (string)
- has_active_failures: Flag indicating whether this group has any hosts with active failures. (boolean)
- total_hosts: Total number of hosts directly or indirectly in this group. (integer)
- hosts with active failures: Number of hosts in this group with active failures. (integer)
- total groups: Total number of child groups contained within this group. (integer)
- groups_with_active_failures: Number of child groups within this group that have active failures. (integer)
- has_inventory_sources: Flag indicating whether this group was created/updated from any external inventory sources. (boolean)

15.2 Create Groups

Make a POST request to this resource with the following group fields to create a new group:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")
- inventory: (field, required)
- variables: Group variables in JSON or YAML format. (string, default="")

15.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

The *Options Endpoint* table offers a view of the Options for this endpoint. When viewing the endpoint in the browsable API, clicking the "Options" button gives you the raw JSON for the following:

15.2. Create Groups

SIXTEEN

HOST LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of hosts.

```
GET /api/v1/hosts/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.050s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of hosts found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more host records.

16.1 Results

Each host data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this host. (integer)
- type: Data type for this host. (multiple choice)
 - host: Host
- url: URL for this host. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this host was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this host was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)

- inventory: (field)
- enabled: Is this host online and available for running jobs? (boolean)
- instance_id: (string)
- variables: Host variables in JSON or YAML format. (string)
- has active failures: Flag indicating whether the last job failed for this host. (boolean)
- has_inventory_sources: Flag indicating whether this host was created/updated from any external inventory sources. (boolean)
- last_job: (field)
- last_job_host_summary: (field)

16.2 Create Hosts

Make a POST request to this resource with the following host fields to create a new host:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")
- inventory: (field, required)
- enabled: Is this host online and available for running jobs? (boolean, default=True)
- instance_id: (string, default="")
- variables: Host variables in JSON or YAML format. (string, default="")
- last_job: (field, default=None)
- last_job_host_summary: (field, default=None)

16.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

The *Options Endpoint* table offers a view of the Options for this endpoint. When viewing the endpoint in the browsable API, clicking the "Options" button gives you the raw JSON for the following:

16.2. Create Hosts 43

SEVENTEEN

JOB TEMPLATE LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of job templates.

```
GET /api/v1/job_templates/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.051s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of job templates found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more job template records.

17.1 Results

Each job template data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this job template. (integer)
- type: Data type for this job template. (multiple choice)
 - job_template: Job Template
- url: URL for this job template. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this job template was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this job template was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)

• job_type: (multiple choice)

- run: Run
- check: Check
- scan: Scan
- inventory: (field)
- project: (field)
- playbook: (string)
- credential: (field)
- cloud_credential: (field)
- forks: (integer)
- limit: (string)

• verbosity: (multiple choice)

- 0: 0 (Normal)
- 1: 1 (Verbose)
- 2: 2 (More Verbose)
- 3: 3 (Debug)
- 4: 4 (Connection Debug)
- 5: 5 (WinRM Debug)
- extra_vars: (string)
- job_tags: (string)
- force_handlers: (boolean)
- skip_tags: (string)
- start_at_task: (string)
- last_job_run: (datetime)
- last_job_failed: (boolean)
- has_schedules: (boolean)
- next_job_run: (datetime)

• status: (multiple choice)

- new: New
- pending: Pending
- waiting: Waiting
- running: Running
- successful: Successful
- failed: Failed
- error: Error
- canceled: Canceled

17.1. Results 45

```
- never updated: Never Updated
```

- host_config_key: (string)
- ask_variables_on_launch: (boolean)
- survey_enabled: (boolean)
- become_enabled: (boolean)

17.2 Create Job Templates

Make a POST request to this resource with the following job template fields to create a new job template:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")
- job_type: (multiple choice, required)
 - run: Run (default)
 - check: Check
 - scan: Scan
- inventory: (field, default=None)
- project: (field, default=None)
- playbook: (string, default="")
- credential: (field, default=None)
- cloud_credential: (field, default=None)
- forks: (integer, default=0)
- limit: (string, default="")
- verbosity: (multiple choice)
 - 0: 0 (Normal) (default)
 - 1: 1 (Verbose)
 - 2: 2 (More Verbose)
 - 3: 3 (Debug)
 - 4: 4 (Connection Debug)
 - 5: 5 (WinRM Debug)
- extra_vars: (string, default="")
- job_tags: (string, default="")
- force_handlers: (boolean, default=False)
- skip_tags: (string, default="")
- start_at_task: (string, default="")
- host_config_key: (string, default="")
- ask_variables_on_launch: (boolean, default=False)

- survey_enabled: (boolean, default=False)
- become_enabled: (boolean, default=False)

17.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

EIGHTEEN

JOB LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of jobs.

```
GET /api/v1/jobs/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.052s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of jobs found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more job records.

18.1 Results

Each job data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this job. (integer)
- type: Data type for this job. (multiple choice)
 - job: Playbook Run
- url: URL for this job. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this job was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this job was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)

- unified_job_template: (field)
- launch_type: (multiple choice)
 - manual: Manual
 - callback: Callback
 - scheduled: Scheduled
 - dependency: Dependency
- status: (multiple choice)
 - new: New
 - pending: Pending
 - waiting: Waiting
 - running: Running
 - successful: Successful
 - failed: Failed
 - error: Error
 - canceled: Canceled
- failed: (boolean)
- started: (datetime)
- finished: (datetime)
- elapsed: (decimal)
- job_explanation: (string)
- job_type: (multiple choice)
 - run: Run
 - check: Check
 - scan: Scan
- inventory: (field)
- project: (field)
- playbook: (string)
- credential: (field)
- cloud_credential: (field)
- forks: (integer)
- limit: (string)
- verbosity: (multiple choice)
 - 0: 0 (Normal)
 - 1: 1 (Verbose)
 - 2: 2 (More Verbose)
 - 3: 3 (Debug)

18.1. Results 49

```
- 4: 4 (Connection Debug)
```

```
- 5: 5 (WinRM Debug)
```

```
• extra_vars: (string)
```

- job_tags: (string)
- force_handlers: (boolean)
- skip_tags: (string)
- start_at_task: (string)
- job_template: (field)
- passwords_needed_to_start: (field)
- ask_variables_on_launch: (field)

18.2 Create Jobs

Make a POST request to this resource with the following job fields to create a new job:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")
- job_type: (multiple choice, required)
 - run: Run (default)
 - check: Check
 - scan: Scan
- inventory: (field, default=None)
- project: (field, default=None)
- playbook: (string, default="")
- credential: (field, default=None)
- cloud_credential: (field, default=None)
- forks: (integer, default=0)
- limit: (string, default="")
- verbosity: (multiple choice)
 - 0: 0 (Normal) (default)
 - 1: 1 (Verbose)
 - 2: 2 (More Verbose)
 - 3: 3 (Debug)
 - 4: 4 (Connection Debug)
 - 5: 5 (WinRM Debug)
- extra_vars: (string, default="")
- job_tags: (string, default="")

18.2. Create Jobs 50

- force_handlers: (boolean, default=False)
- skip_tags: (string, default="")
- start_at_task: (string, default="")
- job_template: (field, default=None)

If the job_template field is specified, any fields not explicitly provided for the new job (except name and description) will use the default values from the job template.

18.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

NINETEEN

AD HOC COMMAND LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of ad hoc commands.

```
GET /api/v1/ad_hoc_commands/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.053s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of ad hoc commands found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more ad hoc command records.

19.1 Results

Each ad hoc command data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this ad hoc command. (integer)
- type: Data type for this ad hoc command. (multiple choice) -ad_hoc_command: Command
- url: URL for this ad hoc command. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this ad hoc command was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this ad hoc command was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- launch_type: (multiple choice)
 - manual: Manual

- callback: Callback
- scheduled: Scheduled
- dependency: Dependency

• status: (multiple choice)

- new: New
- pending: Pending
- waiting: Waiting
- running: Running
- successful: Successful
- failed: Failed
- error: Error
- canceled: Canceled
- failed: (boolean)
- started: (datetime)
- finished: (datetime)
- elapsed: (decimal)
- job_explanation: (string)

• job_type: (multiple choice)

- run: Run
- check: Check
- scan: Scan
- inventory: (field)
- limit: (string)
- credential: (field)

• module_name: (multiple choice)

- command
- shell
- yum
- apt
- apt_key
- apt_repository
- apt_rpm
- service
- group
- user
- mount

19.1. Results 53

- ping
- selinux
- setup
- win_ping
- win_service
- win_updates
- win_group
- win_user
- module_args: (string)
- forks: (integer)
- verbosity: (multiple choice)
 - 0: 0 (Normal)
 - 1: 1 (Verbose)
 - 2: 2 (More Verbose)
 - 3: 3 (Debug)
 - 4: 4 (Connection Debug)
 - 5: 5 (WinRM Debug)
- become_enabled: (boolean)

19.2 Create Ad Hoc Commands

Make a POST request to this resource with the following ad hoc command fields to create a new ad hoc command:

- job_type: (multiple choice, required)
 - run: Run (default)
 - check: Check
 - scan: Scan
- inventory: (field, default=None)
- limit: (string, default="")
- credential: (field, default=None)
- module_name: (multiple choice)
 - command (default)
 - shell
 - yum
 - apt
 - apt_key
 - apt_repository

- apt_rpm
- service
- group
- user
- mount
- ping
- selinux
- setup
- win_ping
- win_service
- win_updates
- win_group
- win_user
- module_args: (string, default="")
- forks: (integer, default=0)
- verbosity: (multiple choice)
 - 0: 0 (Normal) (default)
 - 1: 1 (Verbose)
 - 2: 2 (More Verbose)
 - 3: 3 (Debug)
 - 4: 4 (Connection Debug)
 - 5: 5 (WinRM Debug)
- become_enabled: (boolean, default=False)

(Ad hoc commands were added in Ansible Tower version 2.2.0).

19.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

SYSTEM JOB TEMPLATE LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of system job templates.

```
GET /api/v1/system_job_templates/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.060s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of system job templates found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more system job template records.

20.1 Results

Each system job template data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this system job template. (integer)
- type: Data type for this system job template. (multiple choice)

```
- system_job_template: System Job Template
```

- url: URL for this system job template. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this system job template was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this system job template was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)

```
last_job_run: (datetime)last_job_failed: (boolean)has_schedules: (boolean)next_job_run: (datetime)
```

• status: (multiple choice)

- new: New

pending: Pendingwaiting: Waitingrunning: Running

- successful: Successful

failed: Failederror: Error

- canceled: Canceled

- never updated: Never Updated

- ok: OK

- missing: Missing

- none: No External Source

- updating: Updating

• job_type: (multiple choice)

- "": -----
- cleanup_jobs: Remove jobs older than a certain number of days
- cleanup_activitystream: Remove activity stream entries older than a certain number of days
- cleanup_deleted: Purge previously deleted items from the database
- cleanup_facts: Purge and/or reduce the granularity of system tracking data

20.2 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

TWENTYONE

SYSTEM JOB LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of system jobs.

```
GET /api/v1/system_jobs/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.049s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of system jobs found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more system job records.

21.1 Results

Each system job data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this system job. (integer)
- type: Data type for this system job. (multiple choice)
 - system_job: Management Job
- url: URL for this system job. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this system job was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this system job was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)

- unified_job_template: (field)
- launch_type: (multiple choice)
 - manual: Manual
 - callback: Callback
 - scheduled: Scheduled
 - dependency: Dependency
- status: (multiple choice)
 - new: New
 - pending: Pending
 - waiting: Waiting
 - running: Running
 - successful: Successful
 - failed: Failed
 - error: Error
 - canceled: Canceled
- failed: (boolean)
- started: (datetime)
- finished: (datetime)
- elapsed: (decimal)
- job_explanation: (string)
- system_job_template: (field)
- job_type: (multiple choice)
 - "":----
 - cleanup_jobs: Remove jobs older than a certain number of days
 - cleanup_activitystream: Remove activity stream entries older than a certain number of days
 - cleanup_deleted: Purge previously deleted items from the database
 - cleanup_facts: Purge and/or reduce the granularity of system tracking data
- extra_vars: (string)

21.2 Create System Jobs

Make a POST request to this resource with the following system job fields to create a new system job:

- name: (string, required)
- description: (string, default="")
- system_job_template: (field, default=None)
- job_type: (multiple choice)

- **"":** ——— (default)
- cleanup_jobs: Remove jobs older than a certain number of days
- cleanup_activitystream: Remove activity stream entries older than a certain number of days
- cleanup_deleted: Purge previously deleted items from the database
- cleanup_facts: Purge and/or reduce the granularity of system tracking data
- extra_vars: (string, default="")

21.3 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

TWENTYTWO

SCHEDULES API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of schedules.

```
GET /api/v1/schedules/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.050s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of schedules found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more schedule records.

22.1 Results

Each schedule data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this schedule. (integer)
- type: Data type for this schedule. (multiple choice)
 - schedule: Schedule
- url: URL for this schedule. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this schedule was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this schedule was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)

- unified_job_template: (field)
- enabled: (boolean)
- dtstart: (datetime)
- dtend: (datetime)
- rrule: (string)
- next_run: (datetime)
- extra_data: (field)

22.2 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

TWENTYTHREE

UNIFIED JOB TEMPLATE LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of unified job templates.

```
GET /api/v1/unified_job_templates/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.055s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of unified job templates found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more unified job template records.

23.1 Results

Each unified job template data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this unified job template. (integer)
- type: Data type for this unified job template. (multiple choice)
 - project: Project
 - inventory_source: Inventory Source
 - job_template: Job Template
 - system_job_template: System Job Template
- url: URL for this unified job template. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- created: Timestamp when this unified job template was created. (datetime)

- modified: Timestamp when this unified job template was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)
- last_job_run: (datetime)
- last_job_failed: (boolean)
- has_schedules: (boolean)
- next_job_run: (datetime)
- status: (multiple choice)
 - new: New
 - pending: Pending
 - waiting: Waiting
 - running: Running
 - successful: Successful
 - failed: Failed
 - error: Error
 - canceled: Canceled
 - never updated: Never Updated
 - ok: OK
 - missing: Missing
 - none: No External Source
 - updating: Updating

23.2 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

TWENTYFOUR

UNIFIED JOB LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of unified jobs.

```
GET /api/v1/unified_jobs/
HTTP 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.063s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of unified jobs found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more unified job records.

24.1 Results

Each unified job data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this unified job. (integer)
- type: Data type for this unified job. (multiple choice)
 - project_update: SCM Update
 - inventory_update: Inventory Sync
 - job: Playbook Run
 - ad_hoc_command: Command
 - system_job: Management Job
- url: URL for this unified job. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)

- created: Timestamp when this unified job was created. (datetime)
- modified: Timestamp when this unified job was last modified. (datetime)
- name: (string)
- description: (string)
- unified_job_template: (field)
- launch_type: (multiple choice)
 - manual: Manual
 - callback: Callback
 - scheduled: Scheduled
 - dependency: Dependency
- status: (multiple choice)
 - new: New
 - pending: Pending
 - waiting: Waiting
 - running: Running
 - successful: Successful
 - failed: Failed
 - error: Error
 - canceled: Canceled
- failed: (boolean)
- started: (datetime)
- finished: (datetime)
- elapsed: (decimal)
- job_explanation: (string)

24.2 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

TWENTYFIVE

ACTIVITY STREAM LIST API ENDPOINT

Make a GET request to this resource to retrieve the list of activity streams.

```
GET /api/v1/activity_stream/
HTTP 402 PAYMENT REQUIRED
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept
Allow: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS
X-API-Time: 0.044s
```

The resulting data structure contains:

The count field indicates the total number of activity streams found for the given query. The next and previous fields provides links to additional results if there are more than will fit on a single page. The results list contains zero or more activity stream records.

25.1 Results

Each activity stream data structure includes the following fields:

- id: Database ID for this activity stream. (integer)
- type: Data type for this activity stream. (multiple choice)
 - activity_stream: Activity Stream
- url: URL for this activity stream. (string)
- related: Data structure with URLs of related resources. (object)
- summary_fields: Data structure with name/description for related resources. (object)
- timestamp: (datetime)
- operation: The action taken with respect to the given object(s). (multiple choice)
 - create: Entity Created
 - update: Entity Updated

- delete: Entity Deleted
- associate: Entity Associated with another Entity
- disassociate: Entity was Disassociated with another Entity
- changes: A summary of the new and changed values when an object is created, updated, or deleted (field)
- object1: For create, update, and delete events this is the object type that was affected. For associate and disassociate events this is the object type associated or disassociated with object2 (string)
- object2: Unpopulated for create, update, and delete events. For associate and disassociate events this is the object type that object1 is being associated with (string)

25.2 Reviewing the Options Endpoint

TWENTYSIX

INDEX

• genindex

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Α	auth token
activity stream	API endpoint, 12
API endpoint, 67	options endpoint, 13
options endpoint, 68	В
results, 67	В
ad hoc commands	browsable API, 2
API endpoint, 52	С
create, 54	C
options endpoint, 55	configuration
results, 52	API endpoint, 15
API	options endpoint, 16
browsable, 2	content type
JSON, 5	JSON, 5
POST, 5	conventions, 5
PUT, 5	create
root directory, 5	ad hoc commands, 54
API endpoint	credential list, 31
activity stream, 67	group list, 41
ad hoc commands, 52	host list, 43
auth token, 12	inventory script list, 36
configuration, 15	job list, 50
credential list, 30	job template list, 46
current user (me), 17	organizations list, 21
dashboard, 19	project list, 27
group list, 40	system job list, 59
host list, 42	team list, 29
inventory list, 33	user list, 23
inventory script list, 35	credential list
inventory source list, 37	API endpoint, 30
job list, 48	create, 31
job template list, 44	options endpoint, 32
me (current user), 17	results, 30
organizations list, 20	current user (me)
ping, 14	API endpoint, 17
project list, 25	options endpoint, 18
schedules, 61	D
system job list, 58	dashboard
system job template list, 56	
team list, 28	API endpoint, 19 options endpoint, 19
unified job list, 65	options enupoint, 19
unified job template list, 63 user list, 22	F
user 118t, 44	filtering, 6

G	credential list, 32
group list	current user (me), 18
API endpoint, 40	dashboard, 19
create, 41	group list, 41
options endpoint, 41	host list, 43
results, 40	inventory script list, 36
	inventory source list, 39
H	job list, 51
host list	job template list, 47
API endpoint, 42	me (current user), 18
create, 43	organizations list, 21
options endpoint, 43	ping, 14
results, 42	project list, 27
1	schedules, 62
l	system job list, 60
inventory list	system job template list, 57
API endpoint, 33	team list, 29
inventory script list	unified job list, 66
API endpoint, 35	unified job template list, 64
create, 36	user list, 24
options endpoint, 36	ordering
results, 35	sorting, 6
inventory source list	organizations list API endpoint, 20
API endpoint, 37	create, 21
options endpoint, 39	options endpoint, 21
results, 37	results, 21
J	
	Р
job list	pagination, 8
API endpoint, 48	ping
create, 50	API endpoint, 14
options endpoint, 51	options endpoint, 14
results, 48	POST
job template list	API, 5
API endpoint, 44	project list
create, 46 options endpoint, 47	API endpoint, 25
results, 44	create, 27
JSON	options endpoint, 27
API, 5	results, 25
content type, 5	PUT
content type, 3	API, 5
M	
	Q
me (current user) API endpoint, 17	queryset, 6
options endpoint, 18	Б
options endpoint, 18	R
0	read-only fields, 9
	results
options endpoint	activity stream, 67
activity stream, 68	ad hoc commands, 52
ad hoc commands, 55	credential list, 30
auth token, 13	group list, 40
configuration, 16	host list, 42

Index 71

root	inventory script list, 35 inventory source list, 37 job list, 48 job template list, 44 organizations list, 21 project list, 25 schedules, 61 system job template list, 56 team list, 28 unified job list, 65 unified job template list, 63 user list, 23 directory	user	list API endpoint, 22 create, 23 options endpoint, 24 results, 23
S	API, 5		
sear seeria sorti	API endpoint, 61 options endpoint, 62 results, 61 rching, 6 alizer, 8 ing ordering, 6 em job list API endpoint, 58 create, 59 options endpoint, 60 em job template list API endpoint, 56 options endpoint, 57 results, 56		
Т	results, 50		
tool	API endpoint, 28 create, 29 options endpoint, 29 results, 28 s, 2 tower-cli, 9 er-cli, 9 capabilities, 9 installation, 9		
U			
	API endpoint, 65 options endpoint, 66 results, 65 ied job template list API endpoint, 63		
	options endpoint, 64 results, 63		

Index 72